Kindergarten Adventure Field Trip: Pip the Pirate

Pip has dreamed of being a pirate since they were young. Adventuring on the seas, looking for gold, singing pirate shanties, dancing pirate jigs, following ancient maps - what could possibly be a better life than a pirate’s life? Knowing how much work it takes to be a pirate, Pip has trained, and trained, and trained, every single day, in order to have a chance at joining a pirate crew. And finally, Pip’s day has come! Pip’s first day as a pirate is tomorrow, and Pip can hardly contain their excitement. Pip will be joining the crew of the famous pirate ship, the Jolly Wonder. But before Pip can set sail, they need to find some pirate-y items and learn just a few more things about being a pirate. Pip could really use some help, so they are reaching out to some friends (that's you!) and asking them to come to Wonderscope to help!
The activities for this field trip are as follows:

**Activity One: Help Pip pack their ship!**

Pip is packing their things for their pirate voyage, but they need to be sure to pack lightly to avoid sinking their ship. In this activity, students will help Pip weigh a variety of items and determine which items are heavier and which are lighter. This station aligns with the following MO and KS Kindergarten Learning Standards:

**MO Math K.GM.A.2 Geometry and Measurement:** Reason with shapes and their attributes; Compare the measurable attributes of two objects. (heavier, lighter, etc)

**MO Math K.GM.A.1 Geometry and Measurement:** Reason with shapes and their attributes; Describe several measurable attributes of objects. (shortest, longest, etc.)

**KS Math K.MD.1.** Describe measurable attributes of objects, such as length or weight; Describe several measurable attributes of a single object.

**KS Math K.MD.2.** Directly compare two objects, with a measurable attribute in common, to see which object has “more of”/”less of” the attribute, and describe the difference. For example, directly compare the heights of two children and describe one child as taller/shorter

**Activity Two: Help Pip learn about weather out on the seas!**

In this activity, students will experiment with how different types of weather (wind, rain, fog, and sun) may affect Pip’s pirate ship. Then, students will look at the next week’s weather forecast to choose the best day(s) for Pip’s pirate crew to set sail! This station aligns with the following MO and KS Kindergarten Learning Standards:

**MO Science K.ESS2.D.1** Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time. [Clarification Statement: Examples of qualitative observations could include descriptions of the weather (such as sunny, cloudy, rainy, and warm); examples of quantitative observations could include numbers of sunny, windy, and rainy days in a month. Examples of patterns could
include that it is usually cooler in the morning than in the afternoon and the number of sunny days versus cloudy days in different months.]

**KS Science K-ESS2-1:** Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time. [Clarification Statement: Examples of qualitative observations could include descriptions of the weather (such as sunny, cloudy, rainy, and warm); examples of quantitative observations could include numbers of sunny, windy, and rainy days in a month. Examples of patterns could include that it is usually cooler in the morning than in the afternoon and the number of sunny days versus cloudy days in different months.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment of quantitative observations limited to whole numbers and relative measures such as warmer/cooler.]

**Activity Three: Help Pip learn what pirates like!**

In this activity, students will work with Pip to help decide which items pirates like! Pirates like things with the sound “RRRRR”, so students will help Pip find the right items phonetically! This station aligns with the following MO and KS Kindergarten Learning Standards:

**MO ELA K.RF.2.A.a:** Identifying sounds in spoken words

**MO ELA K.RF.2.A.d:** Recognizing spoken alliteration or groups of words that begin with the same onset or initial sound

**KS ELA RF.K.1.d:** Recognize and name all upper- and lowercase letters of the alphabet.

**KS ELA RF.K.3.a:** Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the primary or many of the most frequent sounds for each consonant.